

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

2060 November 20, 1903

ease, mild type of malarial fever. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, very good. The 4 deaths noted above occurring in this port, were all adults; males, 1 white and 3 colored, due, respectively, to "cardiac syncope," pulmonary phthisis, "pyelitis," and "natural causes."

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Name of vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
Oct. 29 30	Hispania Breakwater	21 33	0 3	0 17	0 4

CANADA.

Report of immigration at Quebec.

Assistant Surgeon Billings reports, November 13, as follows:

Week ended Saturday, October 31, 1903: Number inspected, 365;

number passed, 349; number detained, 16. Week ended November 7, 1903: Number inspected, 155; number passed, 151; number detained, 4.

CHINA.

Report from Hongkong.

Passed Assistant Surgeon McMullen reports, October 7, as follows: Week ended October 3, 1903: Nine vessels were inspected, with 779 officers and crew and 311 passengers (146 cabin and 165 steerage); 543 crew and 100 steerage were bathed and their baggage disinfected (568 pieces). Two vessels for Manila via Amoy were ordered to call at Mariveles for disinfection. The following communicable diseases were reported as having occurred in the colony during the week: Plague, 2 cases and 2 deaths; smallpox, 1 case and 1 death, all Chinese.

List of aliens recommended for rejection: October 3, on steamship America Maru for San Francisco, 1; October 10, on steamship Victoria for Tacoma, 1.

COLOMBIA.

Reports from Bocas del Toro, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Osterhout reports, November 2, as follows:

Number of deaths during the week, 4.

Prevailing disease, malarial fever. The four deaths noted were due respectively to tuberculosis, 2; malarial fever, 1; suicide, 1. eral sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, very good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Name of vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
Oct. 28 30 30 Nov. 1	Lillie Fort Morgan Colombia Brighton	$\frac{22}{17}$	0 3 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 4 2 0